

Distr.: Limited 27 October 1999

Original: English

Fifty-fourth session Second Committee Item 100 (c) Environment and sustainable development: Convention on biological diversity

Guyana\*: draft resolution

## **Convention on Biological Diversity**

The General Assembly,

*Recalling* its resolution 53/190 of 15 December 1998 on the Convention on Biological Diversity and other relevant resolutions relating to the Convention,

Recalling also the provisions of the Convention on Biological Diversity,<sup>1</sup>

*Recalling further* that States have, in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations and the principles of international law, the sovereign right to exploit their own resources pursuant to their own environmental policies, and the responsibility to ensure that activities within their jurisdiction or control do not cause damage to the environment of other States or of areas beyond the limits of national jurisdiction,

*Recalling* Agenda 21,<sup>2</sup> particularly its chapter 15 on the conservation of biological diversity and related chapters,

Deeply concerned about the continued loss of the world's biological diversity and, on the basis of the provisions of the Convention, reaffirming the commitment to the conservation of biological diversity, the sustainable use of its components, and the fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising out of the utilization of genetic resources, including by appropriate access to genetic resources and appropriate transfer of relevant

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>\*</sup> On behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77 and China.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See United Nations Environment Programme, *Convention on Biological Diversity* (Environmental Law and Institution Programme Activity Centre), June 1992.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Report of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development, Rio de Janeiro, 3-14 June 1992 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.93.I.8 and corrigenda), vol. I: Resolutions adopted by the Conference, resolution 1, annex II.

technologies, taking into account all rights over those resources and to technologies, and by appropriate funding,

*Recognizing* the contribution of indigenous and local communities to the conservation and sustainable use of biological resources,

*Recalling* the decisions adopted by the Conference of the Parties at its fourth meeting,<sup>3</sup> relating to intellectual property rights, traditional knowledge and the relationship of the Convention with other international agreements,

*Noting* the continuing dialogue taking place in the Committee on Trade and Environment of the World Trade Organization on the provisions of the Agreement on Trade-related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights,<sup>4</sup>

*Encouraged* by the work carried out to date under the Convention, and satisfied that most States and one regional economic integration organization have ratified the Convention,

*Noting* the outcome of the fourth meeting of the Subsidiary Body on Scientific, Technical and Technological Advice<sup>5</sup> and that of the Inter-Sessional Meeting on the Operations of the Convention,<sup>6</sup>

*Noting with appreciation* the generous offer of the Government of Kenya to host the fifth meeting of the Conference of the Parties, which will be held at Nairobi from 15 to 26 May 2000,

*Recalling* its invitation to the Executive Secretary of the Convention on Biological Diversity to report to the General Assembly on the result of future meetings of the Conference of the Parties to the Convention,

1. Welcomes the inter-sessional work which has taken place under the Convention on Biological Diversity since the fourth meeting of the Conference of the Parties to the Convention, held at Bratislava in May 1998, and calls for the continuation of this intersessional work in order to ensure the proper process of implementation of the Convention;

2. *Reaffirms* the importance of the decision of the fourth meeting of the Conference of the Parties on the adoption of the programmes of work and the thematic approach to guide its work in the development of the Convention for the foreseeable future, including its in-depth consideration of ecosystems;

3. *Calls upon* Governments, in cooperation with the Conference of the Parties, to use science-based analysis to study and monitor closely the evolution of new technologies to prevent possible adverse effects on the conservation and sustainable use of biological diversity, which might have an impact on farmers and local communities;

4. *Recognizes* the importance of the adoption of a protocol on biosafety at the resumed session of the extraordinary meeting of the Conference of the Parties in January 2000, and calls upon States participating in the negotiations on a protocol on biosafety to work constructively towards bringing this process to a satisfactory conclusion, bearing in mind the existing concerns regarding health and development aspects;

5. *Welcomes* decision IV/15, adopted by the Conference of the Parties at its fourth meeting,<sup>3</sup> in which the Conference of the Parties stressed the need to ensure consistency

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See UNEP/CBD/COP/4/27, annex.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Legal Instruments Embodying the Results of the Uruguay Round of Multilateral Trade Negotiations, done at Marrakesh on 15 April 1994 (GATT secretariat publication, Sales No. GATT/1994-7).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See UNEP/CBD/COP/5/2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See UNEP/CBD/COP/5/4.

in implementing the Convention and World Trade Organization agreements, including the Agreement on Trade-related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights, with a view to promoting increased mutual supportiveness and integration of biological diversity concerns and the protection of intellectual property rights;

6. *Reaffirms* paragraph 10 of decision IV/15, in which the Conference of the Parties emphasized that further work is required to help develop a common appreciation of the relationship between intellectual property rights and the relevant provisions of the Agreement on Trade-related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights and the Convention on Biological Diversity, in particular on issues relating to technology transfer and conservation and sustainable use of biological diversity and the fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising out of the use of genetic resources, including the protection of knowledge, innovations and practices of indigenous and local communities embodying traditional lifestyles relevant for the conservation and sustainable use of biological diversity;

7. Welcomes recommendation IV/5 of the fourth meeting of the Subsidiary Body on Scientific, Technical and Technological Advice,<sup>5</sup> to be considered by the Conference of the Parties at its fifth meeting, that products which incorporate the new technology for the control of plant gene expression should not be approved for field testing or commercial use in view of the current absence of reliable data to assess their impact;

8. *Recognizes* the importance of the implementation of the Convention at all levels, including through the preparation and implementation of national strategies, plans and programmes, taking into account the need for financial resources to support the implementation activities, in particular those of developing countries, in accordance with the provisions of the Convention and decisions of the Conference of the Parties;

9. *Encourages* those States that have not yet ratified the Convention to do so as soon as possible;

10. *Welcomes* the first meeting of the panel of experts established in accordance with decision IV/8 of the fourth meeting of the Conference of the Parties;<sup>3</sup>

11. *Recognizes* the importance of national action to conserve biological diversity in many habitats, including forests, wetlands and coastal areas, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Convention, in particular article 8, and the need to mobilize national and international support for such national actions;

12. *Recognizes* also the utility of information exchange, and encourages the development of biodiversity information networks at the national, regional and international levels;

13. *Invites* all funding institutions and bilateral and multilateral donors, as well as regional funding institutions and non-governmental organizations, to cooperate with the secretariat of the Convention in the implementation of the programme of work;

14. *Calls upon* States parties to the Convention to settle urgently any arrears and to pay their contributions in full and in a timely manner so as to ensure continuity in the cash flows required to finance the ongoing work of the Conference of the Parties, the subsidiary bodies<sup>7</sup> and the Convention secretariat;

15. *Invites* the Executive Secretary of the Convention on Biological Diversity to report to the General Assembly on the ongoing work regarding the Convention;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See United Nations Environment Programme, *Convention on Biological Diversity* (Environmental Law and Institution Programme Activity Centre), June 1992, articles 23.4(g) and 25.

16. *Decides* to include in the provisional agenda of its fifty-fifth session the sub-item entitled "Convention on Biological Diversity".