



# General Assembly

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Sixty-seventh session

**Second Committee**

Agenda item 20 (c)

**Sustainable development: International Strategy  
for Disaster Reduction**

**Algeria:\* draft resolution**

## **International cooperation to reduce the impact of the El Niño phenomenon**

*The General Assembly,*

*Recalling* its resolutions 52/200 of 18 December 1997, 53/185 of 15 December 1998, 54/220 of 22 December 1999, 55/197 of 20 December 2000, 56/194 of 21 December 2001, 57/255 of 20 December 2002, 59/232 of 22 December 2004, 61/199 of 20 December 2006, 63/215 of 19 December 2008 and 65/158 of 20 December 2010 and Economic and Social Council resolutions 1999/46 of 28 July 1999, 1999/63 of 30 July 1999 and 2000/33 of 28 July 2000,

*Noting* that the El Niño phenomenon has a recurring character and can lead to extensive natural hazards with the potential to seriously affect humankind,

*Reaffirming* the importance of developing strategies at the national, subregional, regional and international levels that aim to prevent, mitigate and repair the damage caused by natural disasters resulting from the El Niño phenomenon,

*Noting* that technological developments and international cooperation have enhanced the capabilities for the prediction of the El Niño phenomenon and thereby the potential for the preventive actions that may be taken to reduce its negative impacts,

*Taking into account* the outcome document of the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development, entitled “The future we want”,<sup>1</sup> the Johannesburg

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\* On behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77 and China.

<sup>1</sup> Resolution 66/288, annex.



Declaration on Sustainable Development<sup>2</sup> and the Plan of Implementation of the World Summit on Sustainable Development (“Johannesburg Plan of Implementation”),<sup>3</sup> in particular paragraph 37 (i) thereof,

*Reaffirming* the Hyogo Declaration<sup>4</sup> and the Hyogo Framework for Action 2005-2015: Building the Resilience of Nations and Communities to Disasters,<sup>5</sup>

*Acknowledging* the importance of fully taking into account the impact of the El Niño phenomenon in the ongoing efforts to mainstream disaster risk reduction and climate change adaptation across the sustainable development agenda,

1. *Takes note* of the report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the International Strategy for Disaster Reduction,<sup>6</sup> in particular the annex to the report, entitled “Update on international cooperation to reduce the impact of El Niño/La Niña”, and calls upon the international community to make further efforts to assist countries affected by this phenomenon;

2. *Recognizes* the continued efforts being made by the Governments of Ecuador and Spain, the World Meteorological Organization and the inter-agency secretariat of the International Strategy for Disaster Reduction to support the International Research Centre on El Niño at Guayaquil, Ecuador, and encourages them and other members of the international community to continue such contributions for the advancement of the Centre;

3. *Welcomes* the activities undertaken so far to strengthen the International Research Centre on El Niño, through collaboration with international monitoring centres, including the national oceanographic institutions, and encourages further efforts to enhance regional and international recognition of and support for the Centre and to develop tools for decision makers and Government authorities for reducing the impact of the El Niño phenomenon;

4. *Acknowledges* the role of the International Research Centre on El Niño in developing tools, including applied research on climate change and vulnerability assessments in highlands, coastal zones, marine protected areas and urban areas, as well as its role in providing professional training, in the Americas, in the areas of climate analysis, climate risk management, ocean modelling, hydrological outlooks, extreme events analysis and climate adaptation;

5. *Notes* the contribution of the International Research Centre on El Niño as a reference centre on climate services and climate-related disaster risk reduction, as well as in the area of climate research, including through the development of a new climatic database for El Niño/Southern Oscillation-sensitive countries, and encourages the sharing of best practices with climate centres located in other El Niño-affected regions;

6. *Recognizes* the technical and scientific support of the World Meteorological Organization in producing regionally coordinated monthly and

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<sup>2</sup> *Report of the World Summit on Sustainable Development, Johannesburg, South Africa, 26 August-4 September 2002* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.03.II.A.1 and corrigendum), chap. I, resolution 1, annex.

<sup>3</sup> *Ibid.*, resolution 2, annex.

<sup>4</sup> A/CONF.206/6 and Corr.1, chap. I, resolution 1.

<sup>5</sup> *Ibid.*, resolution 2.

<sup>6</sup> A/67/335.

seasonal forecasts, in particular its establishment of a consensus mechanism for the development of updates on El Niño/La Niña conditions, which receives contributions from several climate centres, including the International Research Centre on El Niño;

7. *Encourages*, in this regard, the World Meteorological Organization to continue to strengthen collaboration and the exchange of data and information with relevant institutions;

8. *Calls upon* the Secretary-General, the relevant United Nations organs, funds and programmes, in particular those taking part in the International Strategy for Disaster Reduction, and the international community to adopt, as appropriate, the measures necessary to further strengthen the International Research Centre on El Niño, and encourages the international community to provide scientific, technical and financial assistance and cooperation for this purpose, as well as to strengthen, as appropriate, other centres devoted to the study of the El Niño phenomenon;

9. *Underlines* the importance of maintaining the El Niño/Southern Oscillation observation system, continuing research into extreme weather events, improving forecasting skills and developing appropriate policies for reducing the impact of the El Niño phenomenon and other extreme weather events, and emphasizes the need to further develop and strengthen these institutional capacities in all countries, in particular developing countries;

10. *Requests* the Secretary-General to include in his report to the General Assembly at its sixty-ninth session on the implementation of the International Strategy for Disaster Reduction a section on the implementation of the present resolution.

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