



# General Assembly

Distr.: Limited  
18 November 2002

Original: English

---

## Fifty-seventh session Second Committee

Agenda item 87 (c)

### Environment and sustainable development: protection of global climate for present and future generations of mankind

#### Venezuela:\* draft resolution

### Protection of global climate for present and future generations of mankind

*The General Assembly,*

*Recalling* its resolution 54/222 of 22 December 1999, its decision 55/443 of 20 December 2000 and its resolution 56/199 of 21 December 2001 and other resolutions relating to the protection of the global climate for present and future generations of mankind,

*Noting* that most States and one regional economic integration organization have acceded to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change,<sup>1</sup>

*Reaffirming* that economic and social development and poverty eradication are the first and foremost overriding priorities of developing countries,

*Remaining deeply concerned* that all countries, in particular developing countries, including the least developed countries and small island developing States, face increased risk from the adverse impacts of climate change,

*Noting* that, to date, the Kyoto Protocol to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change<sup>2</sup> has attracted 97 ratifications,

---

\* On behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77 and China.

<sup>1</sup> United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 1771, No. 30822.

<sup>2</sup> FCCC/CP/1997/7/Add.1, decision 1/CP.3

*Taking into account* the Johannesburg Declaration on Sustainable Development<sup>3</sup> and the Plan of Implementation of the World Summit on Sustainable Development,<sup>4</sup>

*Expressing* its deep appreciation to the Government of India for hosting the eighth session of the Conference of Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change at New Delhi from 23 October to 1 November 2002,

*Taking note* of the report of the Executive Secretary of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change,<sup>5</sup>

1. *Recalls* the United Nations Millennium Declaration,<sup>6</sup> in which heads of State and Government resolved to make every effort to ensure the entry into force of the Kyoto Protocol<sup>1</sup> to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change,<sup>2</sup> preferably by the tenth anniversary of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development in 2002, and to embark on the required reduction of emissions of greenhouse gases in accordance with the provisions of the Convention and the Kyoto Protocol thereto;

2. *Urges* Parties that have not already done so to ratify the Kyoto Protocol in a timely manner;

3. *Takes note* of the Delhi Ministerial Declaration on Climate Change and Sustainable Development, adopted by the Conference of the Parties at its eighth session;

4. *Calls upon* all States parties to continue to take effective steps to implement their commitments under the Convention, in accordance with the principle of common but differentiated responsibilities;

5. *Stresses* the importance of providing technical and financial assistance and capacity-building to developing countries and countries with economies in transition in accordance with commitments under the Convention, including the Marrakesh Accords;<sup>7</sup>

6. *Emphasizes* that technology transfer should be strengthened, including through concrete projects and capacity-building in all relevant sectors, such as energy, transport, industry, health, agriculture, biodiversity, forestry and waste management. Technological advances should be promoted through research and development, economic diversification and strengthening of relevant regional, national and local institutions for sustainable development;

7. *Emphasizes also* that adaptation to the adverse effects of climate change is of high priority for all countries. Developing countries are particularly vulnerable, especially the least developed countries and small island developing States. Adaptation requires urgent attention and action on the part of all countries. Effective and results-based measures should be supported for the development of approaches at all levels on vulnerability and adaptation, as well as capacity-building for the

---

<sup>3</sup> *Report of the World Summit on Sustainable Development, Johannesburg, South Africa, 26 August-4 September 2002* (United Nations publication, Sales No.E.02.\_\_\_\_), chap. I, resolution 1, annex.

<sup>4</sup> *Ibid.*, resolution 2, annex.

<sup>5</sup> See A/57/359.

<sup>6</sup> Resolution 55/2.

<sup>7</sup> See FCCC/CP/2001/13/Add.1.

integration of adaptation concerns into sustainable development strategies. The measures should include full implementation of existing commitments under the Convention and the Marrakesh Accords;

8. *Requests* the Secretary-General to make provision for the session of the Conference of the Parties to the Convention and its subsidiary bodies in his proposal for the programme budget for the biennium 2004 -2005;

9. *Invites* the Executive Secretary of the Convention to report in a timely manner to the General Assembly at its fifty-eighth session on the work of the Conference of the Parties to the Convention;

10. *Invites also* the conferences of the parties to the multilateral environmental conventions, when setting the dates of their meetings, to take into consideration the schedule of meetings of the General Assembly and the Commission on Sustainable Development so as to ensure the adequate representation of developing countries at those meetings;

11. *Decides* to include in the provisional agenda of its fifty-eighth session the sub-item entitled "Protection of global climate for present and future generations of mankind".