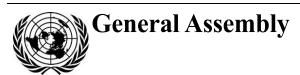
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Agenda item 19 (d)

Sustainable development: protection of global climate for present and future generations of humankind

Ecuador:* draft resolution

Protection of global climate for present and future generations of humankind

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 43/53 of 6 December 1988, 54/222 of 22 December 1999, 62/86 of 10 December 2007, 63/32 of 26 November 2008, 64/73 of 7 December 2009, 65/159 of 20 December 2010, 66/200 of 22 December 2011, 67/210 of 21 December 2012, 68/212 of 20 December 2013, 69/220 of 19 December 2014, 70/205 of 22 December 2015 and 71/228 of 21 December 2016 and other resolutions and decisions relating to the protection of the global climate for present and future generations of humankind,

Recalling also, in full, the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change¹ and the Paris Agreement adopted under the Convention,² acknowledging that they are the primary international, intergovernmental forums for negotiating the global response to climate change, expressing determination to address decisively the threat posed by climate change and environmental degradation, recognizing that the global nature of climate change calls for the widest possible international cooperation aimed at accelerating the reduction of global greenhouse gas emissions and addressing adaptation to the adverse impacts of climate change, and noting with concern the significant gap between the aggregate effect of parties' mitigation pledges in terms of global annual emissions of greenhouse gases by 2020 and aggregate emission pathways,

Recalling further the Paris Agreement, which, pursuant to article 2, paragraph 2, thereof, will be implemented to reflect equity and the principle of common but differentiated responsibilities and respective capabilities, in the light of different national circumstances,

² See FCCC/CP/2015/10/Add.1. decision 1/CP.21. annex.





^{*} On behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77 and China.

¹ United Nations, Treaty Series, vol. 1771, No. 30822.

Acknowledging that action on adaptation to climate change is an urgent priority for developing countries, especially those that are particularly vulnerable to the adverse effects of climate change, and bearing in mind that the provision of scaled-up financial resources should aim to achieve a balance between adaptation and mitigation,

Welcoming the convening of the twenty-third session of the Conference of the Parties to the, the thirteenth session of the Conference of the Parties serving as the Meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol and the second part of the first session of the Conference of the Parties serving as the Meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement, presided over by the Government of Fiji, in Bonn, Germany, from 6 to 17 November 2017.

Recalling the United Nations Millennium Declaration, the Johannesburg Declaration on Sustainable Development⁴ and the Plan of Implementation of the Sustainable Development (Johannesburg Summit on Implementation),⁵ the 2005 World Summit Outcome, ⁶ the outcome document of the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development, held in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, from 20 to 22 June 2012, entitled "The future we want", the outcomes of the thirteenth to twenty-first sessions of the Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and of the third to eleventh sessions of the Conference of the Parties serving as the Meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol, the Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries for the Decade 2011-2020, adopted at the Fourth United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries, held in Istanbul, Turkey, from 9 to 13 May 2011, 8 the Political Declaration of the Comprehensive High-level Midterm Review of the Implementation of the Istanbul Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries for the Decade 2011-2020, held in Antalya, Turkey, from 27 to 29 May 2016, the Vienna Programme of Action for Landlocked Developing Countries for the Decade 2014-2024, 10 adopted at the second United Nations Conference on Landlocked Developing Countries, held in Vienna from 3 to 5 November 2014, the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States, 11 the Mauritius Declaration 12 and the Mauritius Strategy for the Further Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States, 13 the SIDS Accelerated Modalities of Action (SAMOA) Pathway, 14 the Sendai Declaration and the Sendai Framework for

³ Resolution 55/2.

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⁴ Report of the World Summit on Sustainable Development, Johannesburg, South Africa, 26 August-4 September 2002 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.03.II.A.1 and corrigendum), chap. I, resolution 1, annex.

⁵ Ibid., resolution 2, annex.

⁶ Resolution 60/1.

⁷ Resolution 66/288, annex.

⁸ Report of the Fourth United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries, Istanbul, Turkey, 9-13 May 2011 (A/CONF.219/7), chap. II.

⁹ Resolution 70/294, annex.

¹⁰ Resolution 69/137, annex II.

Report of the Global Conference on the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States, Bridgetown, Barbados, 25 April-6 May 1994 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.94.I.18 and corrigenda), chap. I, resolution 1, annex II.

Report of the International Meeting to Review the Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States, Port Louis, Mauritius, 10-14 January 2005 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.05.II.A.4 and corrigendum), chap. I, resolution 1, annex I.

¹³ Ibid., annex II.

¹⁴ Resolution 69/15, annex.

Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030, 15 and the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action, 16

Reaffirming its resolution 70/1 of 25 September 2015, entitled "Transforming our world: the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development", in which it adopted a comprehensive, far-reaching and people-centred set of universal and transformative Sustainable Development Goals and targets, its commitment to working tirelessly for the full implementation of the Agenda by 2030, its recognition that eradicating poverty in all its forms and dimensions, including extreme poverty, is the greatest global challenge and an indispensable requirement for sustainable development, its commitment to achieving sustainable development in its three dimensions — economic, social and environmental — in a balanced and integrated manner, and to building upon the achievements of the Millennium Development Goals and seeking to address their unfinished business,

Reaffirming also its resolution 69/313 of 27 July 2015 on the Addis Ababa Action Agenda of the Third International Conference on Financing for Development, which is an integral part of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, supports and complements it, helps to contextualize its means of implementation targets with concrete policies and actions, and reaffirms the strong political commitment to address the challenge of financing and creating an enabling environment at all levels for sustainable development in the spirit of global partnership and solidarity,

Reaffirming further that the extent to which developing country parties will effectively implement their commitments under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and the Paris Agreement adopted under the Convention will depend on the effective implementation by developed country parties of their commitments under the Convention relating to capacity-building, financial resources and technology transfer and will take fully into account the fact that economic and social development and poverty eradication are the first and overriding priorities of the developing country parties,

Taking note of the Green Climate Fund and its initial resource mobilization process, making it the largest dedicated climate fund, and its approval of 2.59 billion United States dollars in funding, emphasizing the urgency of obtaining the financial resources that will help to deliver outcomes, in developing countries, so as to limit or reduce greenhouse gas emissions and adapt to the impacts of climate change, and reiterating the objectives and guiding principles of the Fund, including a gender-sensitive approach in its process and operations,

Welcoming the successful conclusion of the United Nations Conference on Housing and Sustainable Urban Development (Habitat III), held in Quito from 17 to 20 October 2016,

Takes note with appreciation of the high-level event on climate change and the sustainable development agenda, held at United Nations Headquarters on 23 March 2017, convened by the President of the seventy-first session of the General Assembly,

Noting the need for enhanced coordination and cooperation at all levels among the parties to and secretariats of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change, the United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification in Those Countries Experiencing Serious Drought and/or Desertification, Particularly in

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¹⁵ Resolution 69/283, annexes I and II.

Report of the Fourth World Conference on Women, Beijing, 4-15 September 1995 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.96.IV.13), chap. I, resolution 1, annexes I and II.

Africa,¹⁷ and the Convention on Biological Diversity,¹⁸ as appropriate, while respecting their individual mandates,

Noting also the contribution of the United Nations Environment Assembly to addressing the challenge of, inter alia, climate change, within its mandate and in collaboration with other relevant organizations and stakeholders,

Recalling the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030, and recognizing climate change as one of the drivers of disaster risk, and that the adverse effects of climate change, as contributors to environmental degradation and extreme weather events, may, in certain instances, among other factors, contribute to disaster-induced human mobility,

Recognizing the substantial risks posed by climate change to the oceans and marine ecosystems, and in this regard welcoming the convening of the United Nations Conference to Support the Implementation of Sustainable Development Goal 14: Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development, held at United Nations Headquarters from 5 to 9 June 2017, and reiterating the call made in the declaration, entitled "Our ocean, our future: call for action", ¹⁹ for action to be taken on an urgent basis to conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development,

Recognizing also that, in undertaking its work, the United Nations has a responsibility to promote the protection of the global climate for the well-being of present and future generations of humankind,

Noting the importance of ensuring the integrity of all ecosystems, including oceans, and the protection of biodiversity, recognized by some cultures as Mother Earth, and noting also the importance for some of the concept of "climate justice" when taking action to address climate change,

Welcoming the adoption, at the Twenty-eighth Meeting of the Parties to the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer, ²⁰ held in Kigali from 10 to 15 October 2016, of the Kigali Amendment to phase down hydrofluorocarbons, as a major contribution to the aims of the Paris Agreement,

Stressing the importance of inclusiveness within the United Nations development system and that no country and no one is left behind in the implementation of the present resolution,

- 1. Reaffirms that climate change is one of the greatest challenges of our time, expresses profound alarm that the emissions of greenhouse gases continue to rise globally, remains deeply concerned that all countries, particularly developing countries, are vulnerable to the adverse impacts of climate change and are already experiencing an increase in such impacts, including persistent drought and extreme weather events, land degradation, sea level rise, coastal erosion, ocean acidification, and the retreat of mountain glaciers, further threatening food security and efforts to eradicate poverty and achieve sustainable development, and in this regard emphasizes that mitigation of and adaptation to climate change represent an immediate and urgent global priority;
- 2. Welcomes the twenty-second session of the Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change, hosted by the Government of Morocco in Marrakech from 7 to 18 November 2016;

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¹⁷ United Nations, Treaty Series, vol. 1954, No. 33480.

¹⁸ Ibid., vol. 1760, No. 30619.

¹⁹ Resolution 71/312, annex.

²⁰ Ibid., vol. 1522, No. 26369.

- 3. Also welcomes the early entry into force, on 4 November 2016, of the Paris Agreement adopted under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change,² and urges all parties to remain committed to the full implementation of the Agreement, and parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change¹ that have not yet done so to deposit their instruments of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession, where appropriate, as soon as possible;
- 4. Recalls that the Paris Agreement, in enhancing the implementation of the Convention, including its objective, aims to strengthen the global response to the threat of climate change, in the context of sustainable development and efforts to eradicate poverty, including by holding the increase in the global average temperature to well below 2 degrees Celsius above pre-industrial levels and pursuing efforts to limit the temperature increase to 1.5 degrees Celsius above pre-industrial levels, recognizing that this would significantly reduce the risks and impacts of climate change, increasing the ability to adapt to the adverse impacts of climate change and foster climate resilience and low greenhouse gas emissions development, in a manner that does not threaten food production, and making finance flows consistent with a pathway towards low greenhouse gas emissions and climate-resilient development;
- 5. Affirms that developed countries shall take the lead by adopting ambitious emission reduction targets and providing adequate financial, technology development and transfer and capacity-building support to developing countries;
- 6. Welcomes the nationally determined contributions submitted to date, recalls that the successive nationally determined contribution of each party should reflect its highest possible level of ambition and its common but differentiated responsibilities and respective capabilities, in the light of different national circumstances, and encourages parties to fully implement their nationally determined contributions;
- 7. Also welcomes the call of the Secretary-General for a climate summit to be held in New York in 2019;
- 8. *Urges* United Nations entities to intensify their support for States to fully implement the New Urban Agenda, adopted at the United Nations Conference on Housing and Sustainable Urban Development (Habitat III), held in Quito, Ecuador, from 17 to 20 October 2016;²¹
- 9. Encourages all States to promote sustainable development in its three dimensions in an innovative, coordinated, environmentally sound, open and shared manner, which requires collective efforts to enhance the implementation of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and to strengthen the global response to the threat of climate change;
- 10. Acknowledges the work undertaken under the auspices of the Marrakech Partnership for Global Climate Action,²² and encourages non-party stakeholders to scale up their efforts to address and respond to climate change;
- 11. Calls for the President of the General Assembly to convene, on the margins of the high-level segment of the seventy-third session of the General Assembly, a meeting on the issue of the protection of the global climate for present and future generations of humankind;

²¹ Resolution 71/256, annex.

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²² See FCCC/CP/2016/10/Add.1.

- 12. Encourages States, United Nations entities, other intergovernmental organizations, non-governmental organizations, private sector entities and other relevant stakeholders to actively participate in the meeting, in accordance with the rules of procedure of the General Assembly;
- 13. Reiterates the recognition, by the Conference of the Parties to the Convention, as set out in paragraphs 3 and 4 of its decision 1/CP.19, ²³ of the need to accelerate the full implementation of the decisions constituting the agreed outcome pursuant to its decision 1/CP.13²⁴ and to enhance ambition in the pre-2020 period in order to ensure the highest possible mitigation efforts under the Convention by all parties;
- 14. *Urges* parties to the Kyoto Protocol to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change that have not already done so to ratify and implement the Doha Amendment to the Kyoto Protocol;²⁵
- 15. *Takes note* of the report of the Executive Secretary of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change on the twenty-second session of the Conference of the Parties to the Convention; ²⁶
- 16. Recognizes the importance of averting, minimizing and addressing loss and damage associated with the adverse effects of climate change, and in that regard takes note of decisions 2/CP.19,²³ 2/CP.20²⁷ and 3/CP.22²⁸ adopted by the Conference of the Parties to the Convention, on the Warsaw International Mechanism for Loss and Damage associated with Climate Change Impacts, and decision 1/CP.21,²⁹ in which the Paris Agreement was adopted by the Conference of the Parties at its twenty-first session;
- 17. Notes with appreciation the convening, by the Government of Fiji, of the twenty-third session of the Conference of the Parties to the Convention, the thirteenth session of the Conference of the Parties serving as the Meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol and the second part of the first session of the Conference of the Parties serving as the Meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement, in Bonn, Germany, from 6 to 17 November 2017;
- 18. *Welcomes* the offer by the Government of Poland to host the twenty-forth session of the Conference of the Parties to the Convention in Katowice, Poland, from 3 to 14 December 2018;
- 19. Urges Member States, taking into account that women and girls are often disproportionately affected by climate change owing to gender inequalities and the dependence of many women on natural resources for their livelihoods, to promote the integration of a gender perspective into environmental and climate change policies and to strengthen mechanisms and provide adequate resources towards achieving the full and equal participation of women in decision-making at all levels on environmental issues, and stresses the need to address the challenges posed by climate change that affect women and girls in particular;
- 20. Recalls its request that the Secretary-General, as a follow-up to paragraph 96 of the outcome document of the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development, entitled "The future we want", submit an action plan for

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²³ See FCCC/CP/2013/10/Add.1.

²⁴ See FCCC/CP/2007/6/Add.1.

²⁵ See FCCC/KP/CMP/2012/13/Add.1.

²⁶ A/72/152, sect. I, and A/72/152/Corr.1.

²⁷ See FCCC/CP/2014/10/Add.2.

²⁸ See FCCC/CP/2016/10/Add.1.

²⁹ See FCCC/CP/2015/10/Add.1.

the Secretariat that will be designed to work within existing procurement rules and policies aimed at integrating sustainable development practices into its operations and facilities management, building on existing efforts and promoting cost-effectiveness, and in accordance with legislative frameworks, including financial rules and regulations, while maintaining accountability to Member States, with the specific goal of a United Nations that does not, through its operations or facilities management, have a negative impact on the climate, as soon as possible, or by 2020, if practicable, and requests that the aforementioned action plan be submitted before the end of its seventy-second session;

- 21. Requests the Secretary-General to make provisions for the sessions of the Conference of the Parties to the Convention and its subsidiary bodies in his proposed programme budget for the biennium 2018-2019;
- 22. Calls upon the relevant organizations of the United Nations system, within their respective mandates and resources, to ensure that no country and no one is left behind in the implementation of the present resolution;
- 23. *Invites* the secretariat of the Convention to report, through the Secretary-General, to the General Assembly at its seventy-third session on the work of the Conference of the Parties to the Convention, and decides to include, under the item entitled "Sustainable development", the sub-item entitled "Protection of global climate for present and future generations of humankind" in the provisional agenda of its seventy-third session.

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