



# General Assembly

Distr.: Limited  
13 October 2016

Original: English

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**Seventy-first session**  
**Second Committee**

Agenda item 19 (b)

**Sustainable development: follow-up to and implementation of the SIDS Accelerated Modalities of Action (SAMOA) Pathway and the Mauritius Strategy for the Further Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States**

**Thailand:\* draft resolution**

## **Follow-up to and implementation of the SIDS Accelerated Modalities of Action (SAMOA) Pathway and the Mauritius Strategy for the Further Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States**

*The General Assembly,*

*Reaffirming* the Declaration of Barbados<sup>1</sup> and the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States,<sup>2</sup> the Mauritius Declaration<sup>3</sup> and the Mauritius Strategy for the Further Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States,<sup>4</sup> the SIDS Accelerated Modalities of Action (SAMOA) Pathway (Samoa Pathway)<sup>5</sup> and the Plan of Implementation of the World Summit on Sustainable

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\* On behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77 and China.

<sup>1</sup> *Report of the Global Conference on the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States, Bridgetown, Barbados, 25 April-6 May 1994* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.94.I.18 and corrigenda), chap. I, resolution 1, annex I.

<sup>2</sup> *Ibid.*, annex II.

<sup>3</sup> *Report of the International Meeting to Review the Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States, Port Louis, Mauritius, 10-14 January 2005* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.05.II.A.4 and corrigendum), chap. I, resolution 1, annex I.

<sup>4</sup> *Ibid.*, annex II.

<sup>5</sup> Resolution 69/15, annex.



Development (Johannesburg Plan of Implementation),<sup>6</sup> including chapter VII, on the sustainable development of small island developing States,

*Reaffirming also* the outcome document of the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development, held in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, from 20 to 22 June 2012, entitled “The future we want”,<sup>7</sup>

*Reaffirming further* its resolution 70/1 of 25 September 2015, entitled “Transforming our world: the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development”, in which it adopted a comprehensive, far-reaching and people-centred set of universal and transformative Sustainable Development Goals and targets, its commitment to working tirelessly for the full implementation of the Agenda by 2030, its recognition that eradicating poverty in all its forms and dimensions, including extreme poverty, is the greatest global challenge and an indispensable requirement for sustainable development, its commitment to achieving sustainable development in its three dimensions — economic, social and environmental — in a balanced and integrated manner, and to building upon the achievements of the Millennium Development Goals and seeking to address their unfinished business,

*Reaffirming* its resolution 69/313 of 27 July 2015 on the Addis Ababa Action Agenda of the Third International Conference on Financing for Development, which is an integral part of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, supports and complements it, helps to contextualize its means of implementation targets with concrete policies and actions, and reaffirms the strong political commitment to address the challenge of financing and creating an enabling environment at all levels for sustainable development in the spirit of global partnership and solidarity,

*Recalling* the outcome documents and decisions of all United Nations conferences and processes related to the sustainable development priorities of small island developing States, including the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030<sup>8</sup> and the New Urban Agenda,

*Recalling also* its resolution 70/202 of 22 December 2015 and all relevant previous resolutions,

*Reaffirming* that small island developing States remain a special case for sustainable development, in view of their unique and particular vulnerabilities, and that they remain constrained in meeting their goals in all three dimensions of sustainable development, and recognizing the ownership and leadership of small island developing States in overcoming some of these challenges, while stressing that, in the absence of international cooperation, achieving success will remain difficult,

*Acknowledging* that climate change and sea-level rise continue to pose a significant risk to small island developing States and their efforts to achieve sustainable development and, for some, represent the gravest threat to their survival

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<sup>6</sup> *Report of the World Summit on Sustainable Development, Johannesburg, South Africa, 26 August-4 September 2002* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.03.II.A.1 and corrigendum), chap. I, resolution 2, annex.

<sup>7</sup> Resolution 66/288, annex.

<sup>8</sup> Resolution 69/283, annex II.

and viability, and in this regard welcoming the Paris Agreement under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change,<sup>9</sup>

*Reaffirming* that oceans and seas, along with coastal areas, form an essential component of the Earth's ecosystem and are intrinsically linked to sustainable development, including that of small island developing States, and also reaffirming that healthy, productive and resilient oceans and coasts are critical for, inter alia, poverty eradication, access to sufficient, safe and nutritious food, livelihoods, economic development and essential ecosystem services, including carbon sequestration, and represent an important element of identity and culture for the people of small island developing States,

*Welcoming* the launch of the Small Island Developing States Partnership Framework and the progress made, including the convening of its steering committee on partnerships for small island developing States, the holding of an informal stocktaking partnership dialogue on 18 July 2016 during the high-level political forum on sustainable development and of the first global multi-stakeholder small island developing States partnership dialogue on 22 September 2016, during the general debate of the General Assembly at its seventy-first session, and the launch of a standardized partnership reporting template in June 2016,

*Noting with appreciation* the establishment of the Small Island Developing States Global Business Network to share best practices and lessons learned among business sectors in small island developing States, and its contribution to the sustainable development of small island developing States, and encouraging its coherence with the Small Island Developing States Partnership Framework,

*Welcoming* the meeting of the high-level political forum on sustainable development on the theme "Making the 2030 Agenda deliver for small island developing States, building on the Samoa Pathway", held on 14 July 2016, and recalling resolution [70/299](#) of 29 July 2016, entitled "Follow-up and review of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development at the global level",

*Recognizing* that it is crucial to mobilize resources from all sources for the effective implementation of the Samoa Pathway,

*Recognizing also* that, in spite of the considerable efforts of small island developing States and the mobilization of their limited resources, their progress in the attainment of the internationally agreed development goals, including the Millennium Development Goals, and in implementing the Barbados Programme of Action and the Mauritius Strategy has been uneven, that some have regressed economically and that a number of significant challenges remain,

*Welcoming* the long-standing cooperation and support provided by the international community, which has played an important role in helping small island developing States to make progress in addressing their vulnerabilities and in supporting their sustainable development efforts, and recalling paragraph 19 of the Samoa Pathway, which calls for strengthening this cooperation,

*Reaffirming* the need to mainstream sustainable development at all levels, integrating economic, social and environmental aspects, and recognizing their

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<sup>9</sup> See [FCCC/CP/2015/10/Add.1](#), decision 1/CP.21, annex.

interlinkages, so as to enable small island developing States to achieve sustainable development in all its dimensions;

1. *Takes note* of the report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of General Assembly resolutions [69/15](#) of 14 November 2014 and [70/202](#) of 22 December 2015;<sup>10</sup>

2. *Urges* the speedy and effective implementation of the SIDS Accelerated Modalities of Action (SAMOA) Pathway (Samoa Pathway),<sup>5</sup> the commitments and partnerships announced at the third International Conference on Small Island Developing States, and the fulfilment of the provisions on all means of implementation, as well as their effective monitoring, follow-up and review;

3. *Welcomes* the continuing commitment of the international community to take urgent and concrete action to address the vulnerabilities of small island developing States and to continue to seek solutions, including additional ones, to the major challenges facing them in a concerted manner in order to support the implementation of the Samoa Pathway;

4. *Recalls* the sustainable development priorities for small island developing States identified in the Samoa Pathway and set out in the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development,<sup>11</sup> and the outcome documents of all related United Nations conferences and processes;

5. *Welcomes* the convening of the United Nations Conference to Support the Implementation of Sustainable Development Goal 14: Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development, to be held in New York from 5 to 9 June 2017, as decided in its resolution [70/303](#) of 9 September 2016, which presents a unique opportunity to maintain political momentum towards implementing Sustainable Development Goal 14 and the Samoa Pathway;

6. *Also welcomes* the progress made on developing an action programme to address the food and nutrition challenges facing small island developing States, as requested in the Samoa Pathway;

7. *Further welcomes* initiatives and programmes in support of the sustainable development priorities of small island developing States and of the implementation of the Samoa Pathway, and encourages other initiatives in this regard;

8. *Acknowledges* in this regard that small island developing States are committed to the implementation of the Samoa Pathway and are mobilizing resources at the national and regional levels to that effect, despite their limited resource base, and calls upon the international community to assist and support small island developing States in the implementation of the Samoa Pathway, including by integrating its provisions into their national and regional policies and development frameworks;

9. *Urges* all partners to integrate the Samoa Pathway into their respective cooperation frameworks, programmes and activities, as appropriate, to ensure its effective follow-up and implementation;

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<sup>10</sup> [A/71/267](#).

<sup>11</sup> Resolution [70/1](#).

10. *Calls upon* the United Nations system, international and regional financial institutions and other multilateral development partners to continue to support small island developing States in their efforts to implement national sustainable development strategies and programmes by incorporating the priorities and activities of small island developing States into their relevant strategic and programmatic frameworks, including through the United Nations Development Assistance Framework process, at both the national and regional levels, in line with their mandates and overall priorities;

11. *Encourages* the United Nations system to support the efforts of small island developing States to strengthen their cooperation on enhancing action on adaptation to climate change;

12. *Underlines* the need to give due consideration to the issues and concerns of small island developing States in all relevant major United Nations conferences and processes;

13. *Recalls* paragraph 12 of its resolution [70/202](#), in that regard takes note with appreciation of the initial findings of the comprehensive review by the Joint Inspection Unit of United Nations system support for small island developing States,<sup>12</sup> and requests the Joint Inspection Unit to urgently submit the complete results of the review as an addendum to the report of the Secretary-General before the end of 2016, for consideration by the General Assembly at its seventy-first session;

14. *Notes* the initial findings that resources have not increased during a period in which the mandates of the Small Island Developing States Unit of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the Secretariat and the Office of the High Representative for the Least Developed Countries, Landlocked Developing Countries and Small Island Developing States have significantly expanded, and in this regard stresses the need for the allocation of adequate resources that are commensurate with all of the existing mandates relating to small island developing States, including those set out in the Samoa Pathway;

15. *Underscores* the important role of the Small Island Developing States Unit and the Office of the High Representative in supporting small island developing States in accordance with their respective mandates, including as set forth in the Samoa Pathway, and urges their strengthened coordination in this regard;

16. *Requests* the Secretariat, in particular the Small Island Developing States Unit and the Office of the High Representative, to further clarify the role, programme of work, criteria for membership and outreach to stakeholders of the Inter-Agency Consultative Group on Small Island Developing States, with a view to enhancing coherence and effective coordination between United Nations agencies and relevant stakeholders and improving communication and consultation with Member States;

17. *Recalls* paragraph 14 of its resolution [70/202](#), and notes that the high-level political forum on sustainable development shall devote adequate time at its

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<sup>12</sup> See [A/71/324](#).

2017 meeting and at its future meetings to continue addressing the sustainable development challenges facing small island developing States and the follow-up to and implementation of the Samoa Pathway, and encourages the high-level political forum to devote sufficient attention to these discussions, bearing in mind that small island developing States are a special case for sustainable development, as well as lessons learned from the follow-up and review processes of previous conferences on small island developing States and their outcome documents, including, inter alia, by mainstreaming the perspectives of small island developing States into reports, panels and policy papers and the representation of experts and decision makers and the perspectives of small island developing States into the meetings of the high-level political forum;

18. *Also recalls* paragraph 11 of its resolution [70/299](#), and urges that effective measures be taken to reduce the reporting burden on small island developing States, through coherent, coordinated and effective linkages between the follow-up and review arrangements for the Samoa Pathway and the 2030 Agenda;

19. *Urges* the international community to support small island developing States in strengthening the capacity of national statistical offices and data systems to ensure access to high-quality, timely, reliable and disaggregated data, with a view to supporting the implementation, follow-up and review of the Samoa Pathway and the 2030 Agenda;

20. *Decides* to review progress made in addressing the priorities of small island developing States through the implementation of the Samoa Pathway at the seventy-fourth session of the General Assembly, with a view to generating renewed political will and commitment, assessing the progress made, lessons learned, trends, gaps and new and emerging challenges, as well as mobilizing further action to accelerate implementation, and for this purpose also decides to convene a two-day high-level review, in September 2019, as part of its seventy-fourth session and to consider, before the end of its seventy-first session, the modalities for the review;

21. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly at its seventy-second session a report on the follow-up to and implementation of the Samoa Pathway and the implementation of the present resolution and, in preparing that report, to consult with Member States as well as the relevant United Nations funds and programmes, the specialized agencies and regional commissions, as appropriate, taking into account the work carried out by the United Nations system, as well as all relevant national, regional and subregional organizations, with a view to taking stock and analysing progress;

22. *Decides* to include in the provisional agenda of its seventy-second session, under the item entitled “Sustainable development”, the sub-item entitled “Follow-up to and implementation of the SIDS Accelerated Modalities of Action (SAMOA) Pathway and the Mauritius Strategy for the Further Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States”.